

Roller Blinds

Tips:

Use a metal tape measure to ensure accurate measurements.

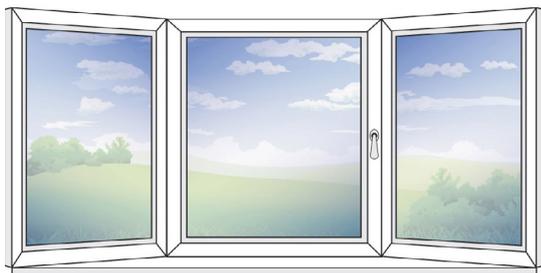
Roller Blinds Bracket Protrusion Allowance

Top Fixed: 50mm

Face Fixed: 70mm

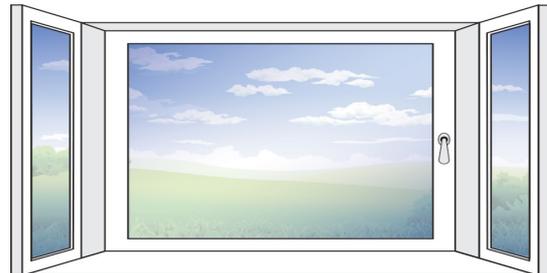
Identify your bay window type

Angled Bay



see angled bay instructions below

Boxed / Square Bay



see boxed / square bay instructions

Angled Bay Window Measuring Instructions

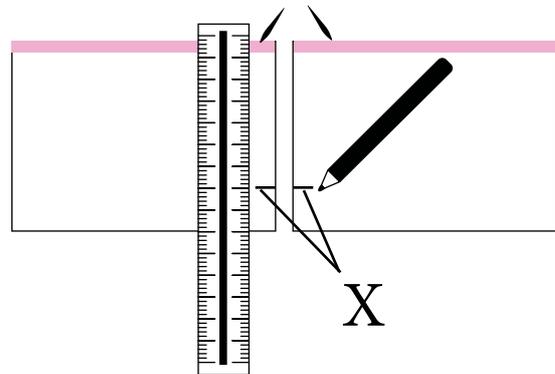
1

If you have window handles measure how far out they protrude, then add this to the allowance for the bracket in the table at the top of the page. Note the size down, this will be referred to as X.

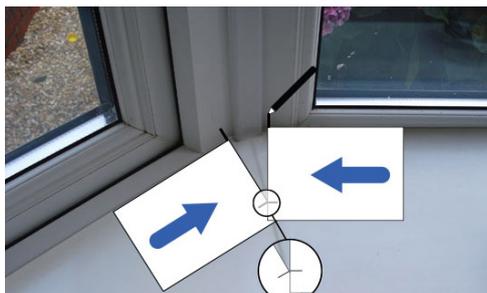
$X = \text{window handle size} + \text{bracket size}$

Place the two pieces of paper next to each other and mark a line at measurement X.

Shade in to mark frame side of paper

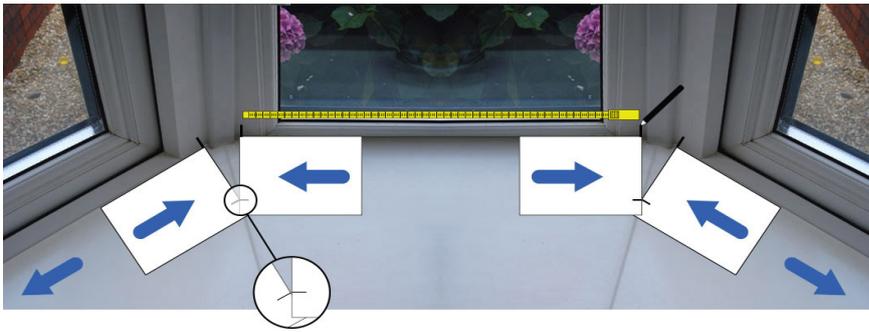


2



- 1) Place the pieces of paper on the window sill touching the frame and slide together until the two lines meet.
- 2) Then using a pencil make a mark on the window sill at the point where the corner of the fabric meets the frame.
- 3) Repeat on the other angles around the bay.

3



Measure from one mark to the next as shown on the illustration. This will give you the widths the blinds will need to be.

Order all blinds as **EXACT SIZE.**

4

Drop

For the drop measure from where the bracket is to be fitted to the window sill.

Order all blinds as **EXACT SIZE.**

BOX / SQUARE BAY WINDOW MEASURING INSTRUCTIONS

1

Tips

Due to the way Roller Blinds are manufactured the fabric on a roller blind is 35mm narrower than the full bracket to bracket size. This means that on a bay window where 2 blinds are fitted next to each other the gap will be approx 40mm. This may prevent all the glass being covered.

2

Measuring Tip

Roller blind brackets are universal fitting, so they can be used to top fix or face fix into the window frame. Choose where you intend fitting the brackets first (either top fix or face fix) as this will dictate the allowance you need to make when measuring.

Bracket Allowance:

Top Fix : 50mm - Face Fix: 70mm

3

The Popular One



4

The Popular One

This method is designed to ensure that the two side blinds butt up against the front blind which is measured to fill the entire width of the front window.

WIDTH

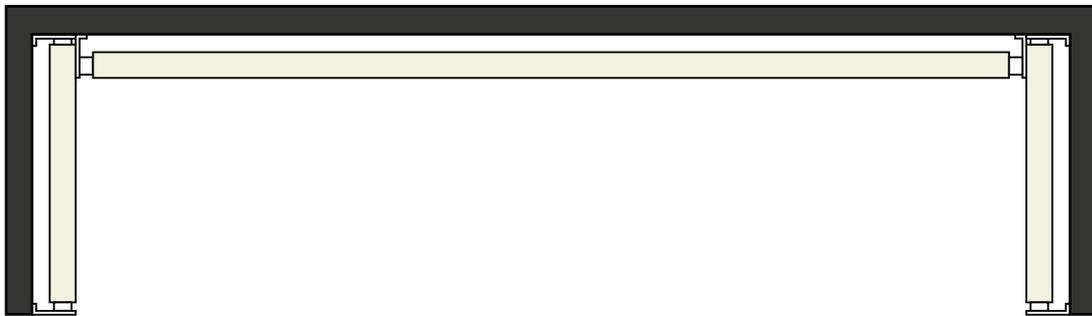
- 1) Measure the full width of the front window, note the size. This is to be ordered RECESS SIZE.
- 2) Measure the full size of each side window separately as they are often different and note the sizes down.
- 3) Deduct from the side window sizes the bracket allowance depending how you intend on fitting them.
- 4) Order the two side blinds as EXACT SIZE.

DROP

Firstly make sure you have at least 50mm clear on the surface you are mounting the blind to. The drop you give us includes the headrail, so measure from the point where the brackets are being fitted to the window sill.

5

The Rare One



6

The Rare One

This option is for when you have really small side windows which means that after you have made deductions for any protrusions and rail depth the blind would be smaller than the minimum size allowed. This method gives the options of making the side blinds larger. As a guide if the full size of the side windows are any less than 600mm we would advise to use this measurement type.

WIDTH

- 1) Check for, then measure any protruding handles or air vents, note the size.
- 2) Measure the full width of the front window, deduct the allowance for the bracket TWICE and any. You are deducting it twice to account for the blind on each side.
- 3) Measure the full size of the side windows and order as EXACT SIZE.

DROP

Firstly make sure you have at least 50mm clear on the surface you are mounting the blind to. The drop you give us includes the headrail, so measure from the point where the brackets are being fitted to the window sill.

Questions? Need any help? We are here 9-5 Monday to Friday and would be more than happy to help over the phone with any measuring advice you may need.